Secondary Gifted Programs

Gerald Fussell BA, B.Ed, M.Ed

Why?

- Student success
 - learning
 - growth
 - development
- Student affect
 - frustration
 - connection
 - depression
- Social stratification exacerbates dangers

Who?

Stereotypes and assumptions

Profiles

- Type I The Successful
- Type II The Challenging
- Type III The Underground
- Type IV The Dropped Out
- Type V The Twice Exceptional
- Type VI The Autonomous Learner

Autonomous Learner

- Has a positive self concept/esteem
- Is accepting of others
- Is perceptive and understanding
- Interacts effectively
- Has problem finding & problem solving abilities
- Is creative & independent
- Discovers & develops passions
- Wants to impact the world in a positive way
- Sees learning as a life-long journey

The Story

- My journey
 - Student feedback
 - Identification
 - Phase One
 - Phase Two
 - Trip
 - Recommendations
 - Community
 - Variety
 - Value
 - Ownership
 - Support

Guiding Principles

- Rather than any single gifted program, a continuum of programming services must exist for gifted learners.
- Gifted education must be adequately funded.
- Gifted education programming must evolve from a comprehensive and sound base.

Guiding Principles

- Gifted education programming services must be an integral part of the general education day.
- Flexible grouping of students must be developed in order to facilitate differentiated instruction and curriculum.
- Policies specific to adapting and adding to the nature and operations of the general education program are necessary for gifted education.

The Process

- Committees
 - Junior Students (grades 8 & 9)
 - Senior Students (grades 10 12)
 - Site-based teachers
 - District (2 teachers & 1 admin/school)
- Consultation and conversations

Autonomous Learner Model George Betts

Independent Learning or Self-Directed Learning

Three Levels of Curriculum

- Prescribed Curriculum
- Teacher Differentiated Curriculum
- Learner Differentiated Curriculum

Prescribed Curriculum

- Prescribed Content & Basic Standards
- Textbooks & Worksheets
- Knowledge, Comprehension & Application Levels of Thinking
- Lectures, Quizzes
- Daily Assignments
- Curriculum is basically the same for all students

Teacher Differentiated Curriculum

- Content + Process + Product = Learning Experience
- Teacher Developed, Learner Implemented
- Higher Level Thinking Skills
- Depth and Complexity
- Integrated In-depth Knowledge
- Pre-testing and Curriculum Compacting
- High Level Teacher Differentiated Curriculum
- Development of Independent Learning Skills

Learner Differentiated Curriculum

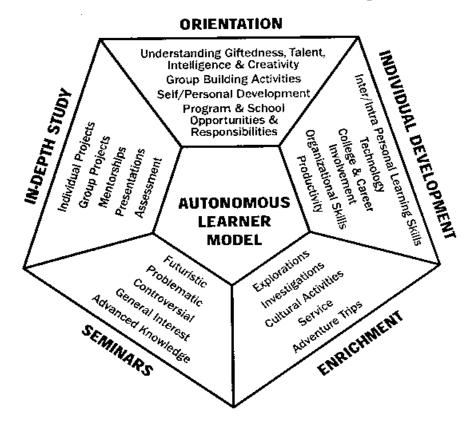
- Explorations, Investigations & In-depth Studies
- Learner Developed, Learner Implemented
- Standards Applications & Extensions
- Passion-based Learning
- Application of Independent Learning Skills
- Mentorships with producing adults in fields of passions
- Opportunities for becoming "Producers of Knowledge"
- Beginning of the "Quest"

Three Levels of Curriculum

- Prescribed Curriculum
- Teacher Differentiated Curriculum
- Learner Differentiated Curriculum

ALM

The purpose of the model is to teach gifted learners strategies for and attitudes toward independent learning.



Independent Learning & Gifted Learners

- Independent or self-directed learning is highly successful with gifted students.
- Not all gifted students have the requisite skills for conducting independent learning.
 - goal setting
 - planning
 - evaluation of progress and quality of work
- Gifted students who are taught to use independent study strategies use them more efficiently.
- These skills are important to underachievers in particular.

Five Dimensions of ALM

- 1. Orientation—opportunities to build basic concept of giftedness, interests and abilities, and ALM
 - understanding giftedness, group building, self– understanding, program opportunities & responsibilities
- 2. Individual Development—opportunities for the development of many, varied learning skills; greater personal understanding; improved interpersonal skills; and career exploration
 - the cognitive, socio-emotional skills, concepts, and attitudes necessary for life-long learning

Five Dimensions of ALM

- 3. Enrichment Activities——opportunities for students to discover what is "out there" to be learned
 - exploration, investigations, cultural activities, service, and adventure trips
- 4. Seminars—opportunities for the production of new knowledge through small group investigations
 - research topics in one of 5 areas (futuristic, controversial, problematic, general interest, and advanced knowledge)

Five Dimensions of ALM

5. In-depth Studies—*individual and small group study*



 Students will identify topic of study, objectives, activities, questions to be investigated, list of resources, time line, plan for presentations

ALM Commentary

- Individual development and enrichment activities should be integrated.
- Skills should be means rather than ends.
- Requires expertise on part of coordinator or facilitator of model.
- Requires much planning for facilitator.

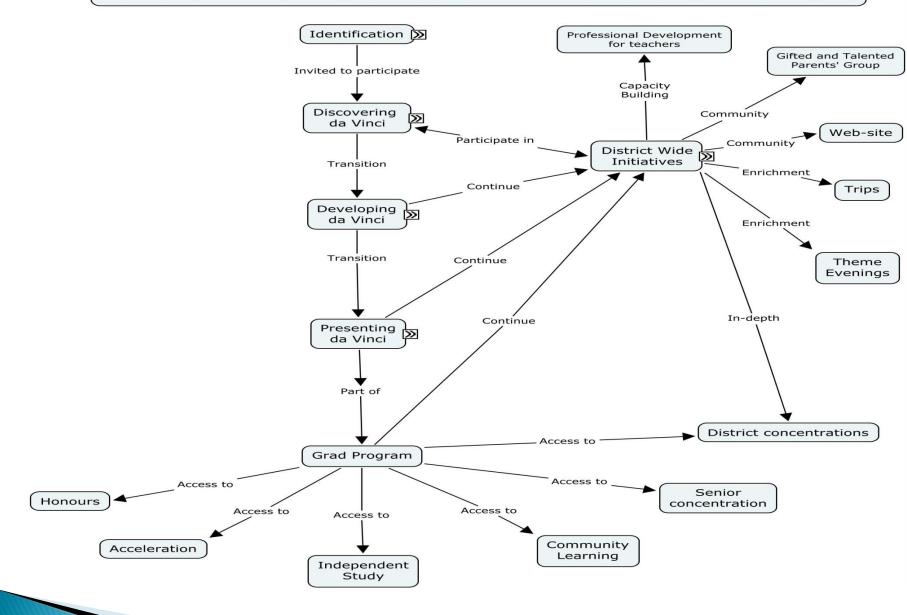
ALM Commentary (continued)

- Provides students an orientation to giftedness.
- Designed specifically for gifted learners.
- The model focuses on socio-emotional and cognitive needs of gifted learners.

Comox Valley Secondary Challenge Program

Purpose: to meet the affective (social emotional), as well as cognitive needs of gifted students and to facilitate their development of the autonomous, lifelong learners.

Secondary Challenge Program - School District #71 Secondary Gifted Program



Identifying and meeting the needs of gifted children and their teachers

- **✓** Community
- ✓ Variety
- ✓ Value
- ✓ Ownership
- ✓Support